Lateral Hip And Buttock Pain

Gluteal Tendinopathy is a common cause of lateral hip pain caused by irritation of the gluteus tendon where it attaches to the greater trochanter. The condition can lead to pain that may refer down the outside of the thigh and knee, often aggravated by activities like stairs or lying on the affected side.

Key Rehabilitation Points:

- Exercise can begin immediately after diagnosis.
- Rehabilitation is **goal-based**, focusing on functional outcomes.
- It's important to load the tendon appropriately.

Exercise Principles:

- 1. **Decrease Muscle Tone**: Self-massage and stretching to reduce tightness around the hip.
- 2. **Progressive Strengthening**: Start strengthening early with lowload exercises and progress to dynamic exercises for mechanics and control.
- 3. Gradual Return to Activity: Increase activity by no more than 10% each week while monitoring symptoms.

Exercises are most effective when guided by a qualified professional, such as a physiotherapist, athletic therapist, or strength and conditioning coach. If you have any concerns, it's always a good idea to consult with an expert.

Level 1

Potential Inclusion Criteria:

- Pain at rest of with basic daily activities
- Pain on the outside of the hip

Goals:

- Reduce pain and inflammation
- Optimize function throughout your day
- Activity modification to maximize rehabilitation but minimize inflammation/irritation

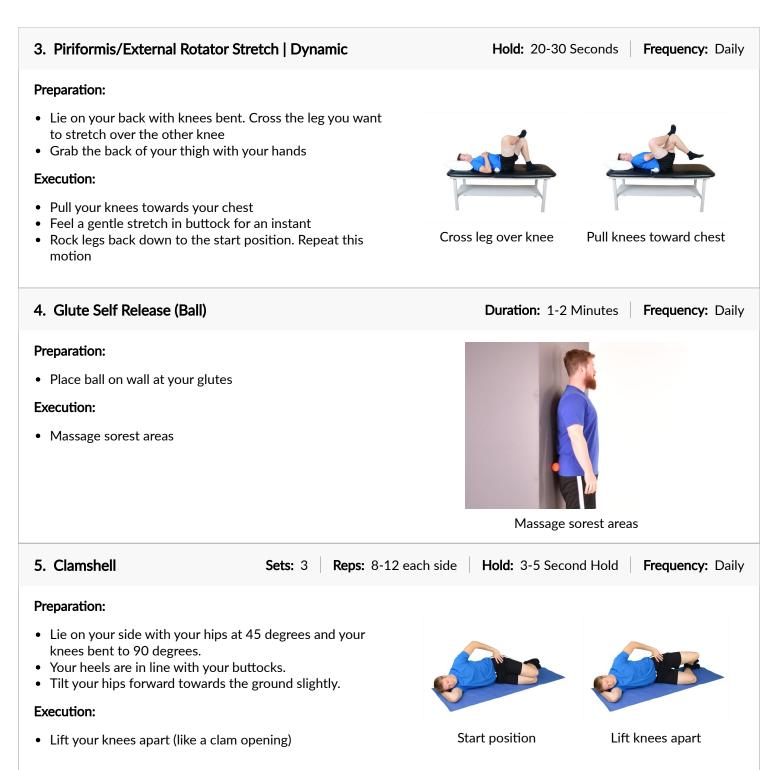
Requirements For Progression:

- 10-14 days of diligent adherence to the program
- Able to tolerate 3 sets of 8 reps with no pain or increase in symptoms

Aerobic Exercise:

Avoid Running, Jumping or any other exercise that provokes symptoms. Continue to exercise with non-weight bearing activities such as swimming or cycling if tolerated.

1. Quadriceps Release (Foam Roller)	Duration: 1-3 Minutes Frequency: Daily			
 Preparation: Position yourself on foam roller as shown Execution: Roll up and down on the foam roller to release the muscles on the front of the thigh 	Start Position For the muscle to relax			
2. Thigh Release (Foam Roller)	Duration: 1-3 Minutes Frequency: Daily			
Execution:	Duration: 1-3 Minutes Frequency: Daily			
	Duration: 1-3 Minutes Frequency: Daily Image: Constraint of the second secon			



6. Bridge | Arms at Sides

Preparation:

- Lie on your back with arms resting at your sides
- Bend hips and knees, placing feet flat on surface

Execution:

- Lift your hips off the surface to make a bridge
- Lower slowly



Sets: 3



Reps: 8-12

Frequency: Daily

Start position

Level 2

When Can I Start Level 2

- Completed level 1 goals
- Able to tolerate 3 sets of 8 reps without an increase in hip pain

Goals:

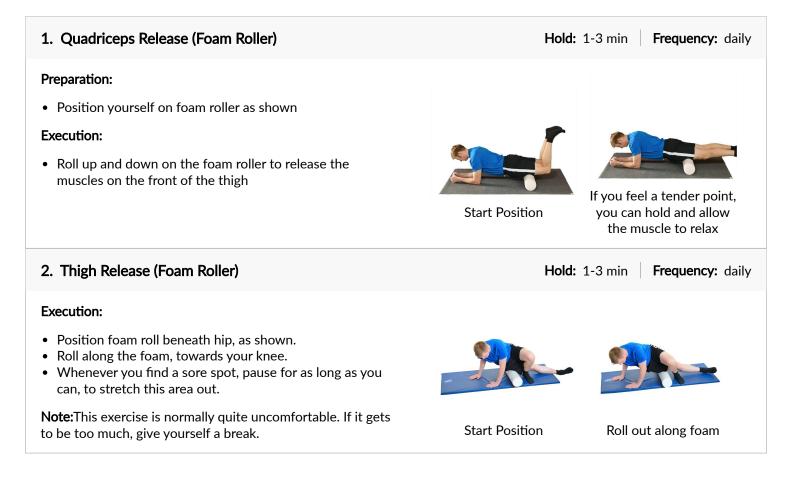
- Full Hip ROM
- Increase tolerance to load and strengthening
- Stretches and rolling daily, strength exercises alternate days

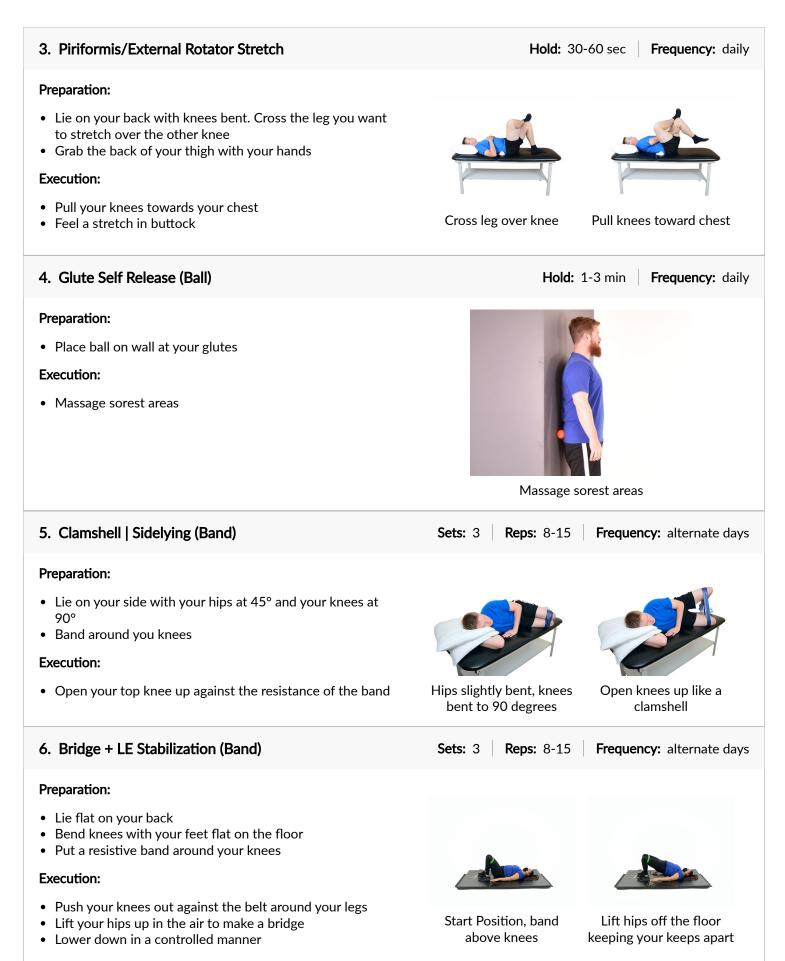
Requirement for progression:

• Able to tolerate max sets and reps with no pain or increase in symptoms

Aerobic Exercise:

You can continue to participate in cardiovascular exercise as tolerated. Swimming and cycling are low impact alternative however, longer walks and light jogging can be reintroduced if tolerated.





7. Squat - Arms Neutral	Sets: 3	Reps: 8-15	Frequency: a	lternate days
 Preparation: Stand with good posture, feet shoulder width apart Have arms relaxed by your side Execution: Perform a squat by bending at the hip Rise up by straightening at the hip 	Start Position	Squat - Bend at the hip, back flat	Knees aligned with toes	Finish Position

Level 3

When Can I Start Level 3

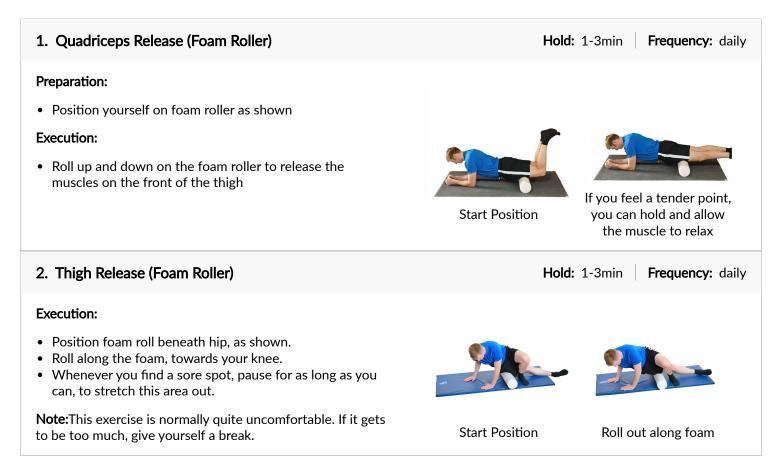
- Completed level 2 goals
- Able to tolerate max sets and reps without an increase in pain or symptoms
- Stretches and rolling Daily, strength exercises alternate days

Goals:

• Increase tolerance to load and strengthening

Aerobic Exercise:

Continue gradual return to running or other high level activities as long as no pain or symptoms are present before or during activity. Continue swimming and cycling as desired.



3. Glute Self Release (Ball)	Hold: 1-3min Frequency: daily			
 Preparation: Place ball on wall at your glutes Execution: Massage sorest areas 	Massage sorest areas			
4. Piriformis/External Rotator Stretch	Hold: 30-60 sec Frequency: daily			
 Preparation: Lie on your back with knees bent. Cross the leg you want to stretch over the other knee Grab the back of your thigh with your hands Execution: Pull your knees towards your chest Feel a stretch in buttock 	Cross leg over kneePull knees toward chest			
5. Bridge Single Leg - Hip and Knee 90/90, Arms Flat	Sets: 3 Reps: 8-15 Frequency: alternate days			
 Preparation: Lie on your back with arms stretched out and away from sides Feet flat with knees bent Now lift one leg up with hip and knee bent to 90 degrees Execution: Lift your hips off the surface to make a bridge Lower slowly 	Start positionBridge hips			
6. Single Leg Squat	Sets: 3 Reps: 8-15 Frequency: alternate days			
 Preparation: Stand with good posture on one leg Execution: Begin to squat with one leg by bending at the hip and knee Return by straightening at the hip 	Start positionSquat - Keep opposite leg knee bentImage: Composite leg Front viewImage: Composite leg with toes!			

7. Monster Walk (Band)	Sets: 3 Re	ps: 8-15 Freque	ency: alternate days
 Preparation: Attach tubing to ankles as shown Wide stance, knees and hips slightly bent Execution: Perform a partial squat Walk forward, keeping legs wide Keep tension on tubing throughout the whole exercise 	K Wide stance	Walk forward, keeping legs wide	Walk wide - Keep tubing under tension
8. Runner's Step Up	Sets: 3 Re	ps: 8-15 Freque	ency: alternate days
Preparation:			
 Stand infront of a box or step that is below the level of the knee Execution: 	§	<u>K</u>	
 Step up onto the box and bring the opposite leg up towards your chest Lower down in a controlled manner Repeat, alternating legs 	Start position	Keep knee inline with toes	Rise with control, lifting opposite leg

Return To Activity / Achieving Your #RISEABOVE Goal(s)

The return to activity and sport-specific training should be tailored to each individual, as recovery and progression will vary based on factors like the severity of symptoms, fitness level, and the demands of the sport. It's crucial to consult with experts, including a physiotherapist, coach, athletic therapist, or strength and conditioning coach, who can provide personalized guidance and ensure a safe and effective recovery plan.

Their expertise will help you progress at a pace that's right for you while minimizing the risk of reinjury and ensuring proper technique as you return to activity.