ACL Tear (Non-Operative)

Anterior Cruciate Ligament (ACL) Tear (Non-operative or Preoperative): An ACL tear disrupts the primary stabilizing ligament of the knee. Non-operative management may be appropriate for individuals not returning to pivoting sports, or it can serve as a "pre-hab" phase before surgery to optimize recovery. Rehabilitation focuses on restoring range of motion, reducing swelling, and strengthening dynamic stabilizers to maximize function and knee stability

Key Rehabilitation Points:

- Control swelling and restore full extension early to prevent longterm stiffness.
- Strengthen quadriceps, hamstrings, and gluteals to compensate for ligament loss and prepare for possible surgery.
- Enhance neuromuscular control and proprioception to improve knee stability during daily and athletic activities.
- Avoid high-risk movements (pivoting, cutting, sudden deceleration) until adequate control is achieved or surgery is performed.

Exercise Principles:

- **Restore Range of Motion:** Prioritize terminal extension and symmetrical flexion using gentle stretching and mobilization.
- **Progressive Strengthening:** Closed-chain, controlled exercises (mini squats, step-ups, bridges) with emphasis on hamstrings and hip stabilizers.

- Neuromuscular & Balance Training: Single-leg stance, perturbation training, and controlled agility drills to retrain coordination.
- **Gradual Functional Progression:** Low-impact conditioning (cycling, swimming) advancing to light jogging or sport-specific movements as tolerated.

Exercises are most effective when guided by a qualified professional, such as a physiotherapist, athletic therapist, or strength and conditioning coach. If you have any concerns, it's always a good idea to consult with an expert.

Level 1

Potential Inclusion Criteria:

- Pain on the inside of the knee
- Swelling
- Instability or feeling uneasy with side to side movements

Goals:

- Protect ligament healing
- · Decrease pain and swelling
- Restore quad activation
- Try to maintain as much pre injury strength and cardiovascular endurance as possible

Requirements For Progression:

- Quad activation
- Walking unassisted without a limp
- Swelling and pain are controlled
- Direction from your physician to progress range of motion

Aerobic Exercise:

Avoid Running, Jumping or any exercise that provokes symptoms. Continue exercise with non-weight bearing activities such cycling if tolerated.

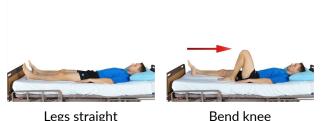
1. Heel Slides Sets: 2 **Reps:** 15 Frequency: 2x daily

Preparation:

• Lay on your back with your legs straight

Execution:

- Slide your heel up towards your buttocks
- Keep your heel in contact with the surface
- Straighten your knee to return to the start



Legs straight

Sets: 2 **Reps:** 15

2. Straight Leg Raise | End Range

Preparation:

- Sit on the ground with your legs stretched out in front of you. Support yourself by placing your hands behind your
- Bend your uninvolved knee to 90 degrees, foot flat on the ground
- Perform in your Brace

Execution:

- Keeping your knee straight, lift your foot about 10 inches off the ground
- · Gently lower your foot back to the ground





Prop up on hands

Lift leg

Frequency: 2 x Daily

3. Clamshell Sets: 2 Reps: 15 Frequency: 2 x Daily

Preparation:

- Lie on your side with your hips at 45 degrees and your knees bent to 90 degrees.
- Your heels are in line with your buttocks.
- Tilt your hips forward towards the ground slightly.

Execution:

• Lift your knees apart (like a clam opening)





Start position

Lift knees apart

Level 2

When Do I Start Level 2?

- Completed level 1 goals
- Able to tolerate 3 sets x 8 reps without significant increase in knee pain

Goals:

- Full knee ROM
- Protect ligament healing
- Try to maintain as much pre injury strength and cardiovascular endurance as possible

Requirements For Progression:

- Able to do a straight leg raise in full extension
- Ride stationary bike with little to no pain

Aerobic Exercise:

Avoid Running, Jumping or any exercise that provokes symptoms. Continue exercise with non-weight bearing activities such as swimming or cycling if tolerated.

1. Knee Extension Concentric (Band) Sets: 2 Reps: 15 Frequency: 2x daily **Preparation:** Sit in a chair with good posture with a band around your ankle **Execution:** Sit with good Straighten knee Lift foot off the • Straighten your knee posture, band as straight as you floor Return your foot to the floor with control around ankle can 2. Knee Flexion (Band) Sets: 2 **Reps:** 15 Frequency: 2 x Daily **Preparation:** · Lay flat on your stomach with your legs straight • Attach a band to foot **Execution:** Continue Lift your heel up towards your buttocks, bending your On stomach Bend knee bending knee against resistance

3. Clamshell Sets: 2 Reps: 15 Frequency: 2 x Daily

Preparation:

- Lie on your side with your hips at 45 degrees and your knees bent to 90 degrees.
- Your heels are in line with your buttocks.
- Tilt your hips forward towards the ground slightly.

Execution:

• Lift your knees apart (like a clam opening)





Start position

Sets: 2-3

Lift knees apart

Frequency: Daily

Reps: 10-15

4. Bridge | Arms Flat

Preparation:

- Lie flat on your back with your arms straight beside you
- · Bend knees with your feet flat on the floor

Execution:

- Lift your hips up in the air to make a bridge
- Lower down in a controlled manner





Start Position

Sets: 2-3

Lift hips up

5. Squat

Preparation:

• Stand with good posture, feet are shoulder width apart

Execution:

- Perform a squat by bending at the hip
- Stop at the point where you cannot keep your lower back flat
- Rise up by straightening at the hip



Feet shoulder width apart



Squat down keeping your knees apart



Rise up using your hips



Frequency: Daily

Bend at your hips



Reps: 10-15

Continue to lower keeping back flat and pelvis in neutral

6. Single Leg Balance

Sets: 2

Reps: 20-30 sec | **Frequency:** daily

Preparation:

• Stand next to a wall, counter or chair if needed

Execution:

• Stand on one leg



Balance on one leg

7. Calf Raise Eccentric | Bilateral

Sets: 2-3 Reps: 15 Frequency: 3-4x/week

Preparation:

- Stand next to a chair, counter or wall
- Stand on your tip toes, lifting your heels as high as you

Execution:

- SLOWLY lower your heels down to the ground
- Stand on your tips toes, returning to the start position





Stand on tip toes

Slowly lower heels down to ground

8. Cycling Stationary Bike

Cycling Stationary Bike

Sets: 1

Duration: 5-20 Mins

Frequency: 1 x Daily



Cycling Stationary Bike

Level 3

When Do I Start Level 3?

- Completed level 2 goals
- Able to tolerate 3 sets x 8 reps without significant increase in knee pain

Goals:

- Regain strength and cardiovascular endurance that was lost during Level 2
- Protect ligament healing
- Gain confidence with single plane movements
- Wean hinged brace for non sporting activities

Requirements For Progression:

- 10 hops alternating legs
- Able to complete full squat and walking lunge

SLOWLY lower your heel down to the ground

Stand on your tips toes, returning to the start position

• Able to jog 3/4 speed for 200m

Aerobic Exercise:

Gradual return to running or jumping activities as long as no pain or symptoms are present before or during activity. Continue swimming and cycling.

1. Bridge | Arms Flat **Reps:** 10-15 Frequency: Daily **Sets:** 2-3 Preparation: · Lie flat on your back with your arms straight beside you · Bend knees with your feet flat on the floor **Execution:** • Lift your hips up in the air to make a bridge • Lower down in a controlled manner Start Position Lift hips up 2. Calf Raise Eccentric | Single Leg **Sets:** 2-3 **Reps:** 10-15 Frequency: Daily Preparation: • Stand on one leg next to a chair, counter or wall Stand on your tip toes, lifting your heels as high as you **Execution:**

Stand on tip toes

Slowly lower heel to

ground

Reps: 10-15 3. Squat **Sets:** 2-3 Frequency: Daily Preparation: • Stand with good posture, feet are shoulder width apart **Execution:** Rise up

- Perform a squat by bending at the hip
- Stop at the point where you cannot keep your lower back
- Rise up by straightening at the hip



Squat down shoulder keeping your width apart knees apart

Bend at your using your hips



hips

Continue to lower keeping back flat and pelvis in neutral

Reps: 10-15 | **Frequency:** 3-4x/week 4. Step Up **Sets:** 2-3

Preparation:

• Stand infront of a box or step

Execution:

- Step up onto the box
- Lower down in a controlled manner
- Repeat, alternating legs



Stand in front of box

Sets: 2-3



Step onto box

Reps: 10-15



Rise with control



Lower with control

5. Single Leg Squat

Preparation:

• Stand with good posture on one leg

Execution:

- · Begin to squat with one leg by bending at the hip and knee
- Rise up by straightening at the hip



Start position



Squat - Keep opposite leg knee bent



Rise up using your hip



Frequency: 3-4x/week

Keep knee in line with your toes

6. Bridge + Hamstring Curl (Ball)

Sets: 2-3

Reps: 10-15 **Frequency:** 3-4x/week

Preparation:

• Lie on back, feet up on ball as shown

Execution:

- · Lift hips off floor
- Bend knees, rolling ball towards you keep hips up!
- Hold, then slowly return to the start position







Feet up on ball

Lift hips

Distance: 15m

Bend knees keep hips up!

Frequency: 3-4x/week

7. Lunge Walk

Execution:

- Take a big step forward
- Drop the back knee toward the ground
- Pull yourself forward using the front leg
- Repeat, alternating legs



Sets: 2





Start position

Lunge

Reps: 15

Repeat

Frequency: 3-4x/week

8. Deadlift | Single Leg and Arm (Dumbbell)

Preparation:

• Stand on one leg, dumbbell in the opposite hand as the stance leg

Execution:

- Bend at the hip, keeping the trunk aligned with the back
- Rise up from the hips



Stand tall. hold weight at side

Sets: 2-3



Reach leg back, arm hangs straight down

Reps: 30-40sec



Bend at the hip, back leg aligned with trunk

9. Single Leg Balance (Foam)

Execution:

• Balance on foam



Balance on foam



Frequency: 3-4x/week

Hands on hips

10. Graduated Return to Jogging

Frequency: Alternate Days

<u>Graduated return to running suggested program:</u> (start and finish with 5 min walk)

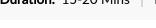
• 5x (1' run / 1' walk)



Graduated Return to Jogging

11. Cycling Stationary Bike

Cycling Stationary Bike



Duration: 15-20 Mins | **Frequency:** Alternate Days



Cycling Stationary Bike

Return To Activity / Achieving Your #RISEABOVE Goal(s)

The return to activity and sport-specific training should be tailored to each individual, as recovery and progression will vary based on factors like the severity of symptoms, fitness level, and the demands of the sport. It's crucial to consult with experts, including a physiotherapist, coach, athletic therapist, or strength and conditioning coach, who can provide personalized guidance and ensure a safe and effective recovery plan.

Their expertise will help you progress at a pace that's right for you while minimizing the risk of reinjury and ensuring proper technique as you return to activity.